

ADVANCE RESEARCH JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

Volume 8 | Issue 2 | December, 2017 | 203-210 ■ e ISSN-2231-6418

DOI: 10.15740/HAS/ARJSS/8.2/203-210



Perceived parent-child relationship by learning disabled children with medium and high self-esteem

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ARTICLE INFO:

 Received
 : 14.06.2017

 Revised
 : 05.10.2017

 Accepted
 : 20.10.2017

KEY WORDS:

Self-esteem, Learning disabled children, Parent-child relationship

HOW TO CITE THIS ARTICLE:

Sati, Lata and Vig, Deepika (2017). Perceived parent-child relationship by learning disabled children with medium and high self-esteem. *Adv. Res. J. Soc. Sci.*, **8** (2): 203-210, **DOI: 10.15740/HAS/ARJSS/8.2/203-210.**

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ABSTRACT

The present study aims to explore the parent-child relationship as perceived by learning disabled children. The total sample for the present study was 80 learning disabled children. The sample was selected from remedial centres/schools with remedial services in Ludhiana, Chandigarh and Khanna. Only those children were selected who belonged to intact families and had been formally diagnosed as learning disabled by a certified psychologist or remedial educationist and had been taking remediation for a period of at least 6 months. Coopersmith Inventories (School form) by Coopersmith (1981) was used to assess self-esteem of learning disabled children. Parent-child Relationship Scale by Rao (2001) was used to assess parent-child relationship as perceived by learning disabled children. The data was expressed in frequency and percentage. Arithmetic mean and t-test were computed for comparison between two groups. Results reflected that learning disabled children perceived to have more intimate relationship with their mothers in contrast to fathers.